

ONE DAY VISIT

November 24, 2017

Chengdu, China



Chengdu is a starting point for the national historical and cultural city, the best tourist city in China and the southern Silk Road. It is one of the 'Top 10 Ancient Capital Cities', and it was built around the 5th century BC. In the Western Han Dynasty, it became one of the six major cities in China. During the Northern Song Dynasty, Chengdu people jointly issued the earliest banknotes in the world, and the government set up the world's earliest managed savings bank in Chengdu. More than 2,600 years of history of the city gave birth to Dujiangyan, Wuhou Temple, Du Fu Thatched Cottage, Jinsha sites and many other places of interest.

Travel Schedule

Ante Meridiem: Kuan & Zhai Alley (宽窄巷子) —→ Du Fu Thatched Cottage (杜甫草堂)

Post Meridiem: Temple of Marquis (武侯祠) —→ Jinli (锦里)

Note:

- Including Lunch.
- Pick up at Chengdu city centre hotels at 8:30 a.m.
- Guests are responsible for their belongings.
- Tour guide has the right to alter the itinerary due to weather or other unforeseen circumstances.

Kuan & Zhai Alley (宽窄巷子)

Kuan Alley is a relatively large-scale ancient Qing Dynasty street left in Chengdu. Together with Daci Temple and Wenshu Monastery, it is also known as the Three Preservation Historical and Cultural Cities Block in Chengdu. Kuan & Zhai Alley is a long history card of Chengdu, where you can touch the traces of history, but also appreciate the original taste of Chengdu leisure lifestyle, into the width of the alley, walked into the most Chengdu, the world, the oldest and most fashionable old Chengdu business card. Kuan & Zhai alley is a microcosm of the ancient and young city in Chengdu, a symbol of memory. Chengdu people's generalization is more refined: Wide Alley: Chengdu's 'free life'; Narrow Alley: Old Chengdu's 'slow life'; Alley: Chengdu's 'new life.'



Du Fu Thatched Cottage (杜甫草堂)

The original thatched hut built by Du Fu was destroyed. Key buildings in the Du Fu Cao Tang Park were constructed in the early 16th century during the Ming dynasty and extensively renovated in 1811 during the Qing dynasty. Du Fu Cao Tang consists of several areas:

- Du Gong Bu memorial Hall (Du Gongbu ci), where the life and work of Du Fu was displayed.
- The Du Fu Thatched Cottage. A reconstructed thatched hut recreated the living and working environment of Du Fu's time.
- The Hall of great poets (Da Ya Tang). An exhibition hall.



Temple of Marquis (武侯祠)

Wuhou Temple (Memorial Temple of Marquis Wu) is dedicated to Zhuge Liang, the Marquis Wu (Wuhou) of Kingdom of Shu in the Three Kingdoms Period (220 - 280). Zhuge Liang was the personification of noble character and intelligence. Memorial architectures erected in many places after his death include a famous one in Chendu.

Located in the south suburb of Chengdu, the temple covers 37,000 square meters. It was combined with the Temple of Liu Bei at the beginning of the Ming Dynasty; consequently, the entrance plaque reads 'Zhaolie Temple of Han Dynasty' (Zhaolie is the posthumous title of Liu Bei). The current temple was rebuilt in 1672. Surrounded by old cypresses and classical red walls, it evokes nostalgia.



Jinli (锦里)

Jinli is a street about 550 meters long. There are many bars, inns, snack stores and souvenir shops. The street was renovated in 2004. In 2005, Jinli was named as "National Top Ten City Commercial Pedestrian Street". In 2006, Jinli was named as "National Demonstration Base Of The Cultural Industry" by the Ministry of Culture.

